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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/427,388 10/		0/26/1999 KEVIN LLOYD GRIMES		RCA-89.086	3105	
24498	7590	01/24/2006		EXAMINER		
	_	SING INC.	HARPER, KEVIN C			
PATENT OF PO BOX 53		NS	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PRINCETO		543-5312	2666			

DATE MAILED: 01/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/427,38	38	GRIMES ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	,	Art Unit					
		Kevin C. I	łarper	2666					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence addre	ess				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no evo on. , a reply within the stat period will apply and wi statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be ti utory minimum of thirty (30) day ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this commED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
Status									
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	07 November 2	<u> 205</u> .						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
5)[<u> </u>								
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exa	ıminer.							
10)	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to			• •					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the α The oath or declaration is objected to by the			=	• •				
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachmen			_						
1)	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	8)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	[,] (PTO-413) ate					
3) 🔲 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date			Patent Application (PTO-15	52)				

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed November 7, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- 1. Applicant argued that Eyer does not disclose packets transmitted according to a first and second transport protocol. However, Eyer discloses packets (col. 3, line 40; col. 8, line 2; col. 3, lines 17-19) that are transmitted according to a transport protocol having a terrestrial format (note: fig. 2, item 240 terrestrial tuner/demodulator) and packets transmitted according to a transport protocol having a satellite format (note: item 250, satellite tuner/demodulator).
- 2. Applicant argued that Eyer does not disclose a protocol decoder. However, the decoded protocol is a packet format protocol carrying video, audio and data for a user terminal (col. 1, lines 14-15; col. 2, lines 25-27; col. 2, lines 62-67; col. 7, lines 62-65).
- 3. In response to applicant's argument that Yu is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Yu provides a means for changing operating modes in an electronic device which is pertinent to the change of data modes as described in figs. 4-7 of the application.
- 4. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge

generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Eyer provides motivation for receiving several transport protocols (satellite. terrestrial and cable) so that the user can receive the different television formats offered by broadcasters (col. 2, lines 23-45) and Yu provides motivation for switching the operation of an electronic device as appropriate (col. 4, lines 10-17).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1, 3 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cuccia (US 6,157,673) in view of Eyer et al. (US 5,982,411).

- 5. Regarding claims 1, 3 and 10-12, Cuccia discloses an adaptive transport decoder (figs. 1 or 2) comprising a source of a first stream of packets (TSx; fig. 3) each including a payload and having a first transport protocol, a source of a second stream of packets, a protocol decoder (fig. 1, item 102; fig. 2, item 202) coupled to the sources for extracting payloads from the packets. and a selector (fig. 1, item 104; fig. 2, item 204) coupled to the packet sources and an output terminal coupled to the protocol decoder for selecting one of the first stream of sources to the decoder. Further regarding claim 12, data from the packet header (fig. 3, item PH) is stored in a register for later use by the decoder (col. 4, line 56 through col. 5, line 2).
- However, Cuccia does not disclose that the packets have a first and second transport 6. protocol. Eyer discloses a source of a first stream of packets (item 240) having a first transport

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protocol (col. 7, line 61 through col. 8, line 6; col. 10, lines 59-63), a source of a second stream of packets (item 250) having a second transport protocol (col. 8, lines 8-13; col. 8, lines 13-17). A protocol decoder (item 265) is coupled to the first and second packet stream sources and extracts the respective payloads from the packets (col. 7, lines 63-65; col. 8, lines 5-7) from a selected one of the first and second packet sources (col. 9, lines 33-36 and 43-56). Further regarding claim 3, the protocol decoder is a processor (col. 7, lines 63-65) responsive to control programs for extracting payloads from respective transport streams. The protocol decoder inherently has a third control program for switching between the first control program and the second control program (col. 9, lines 33-42). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to receive and decode transport streams of different transport protocols in the inventions disclosed in Cuccia in order to view television programs transmitted though different networks (Eyer, col. 2, lines 23-38 and 45-50).

7. Further, although it appears in Eyer that the decoding is inherently different for the received digital terrestrial signal (i.e., standardized ATSC) and the received digital satellite signal (i.e., proprietary DSS or standardized DBS), it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have different digital processing in the invention of Cuccia in view of Eyer for the respective digital formats in order to properly decode the audio, video and data within the packets of these different digital formats when selected by a user.

Claims 4-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cuccia in view of Eyer et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Yu (US 5,410,709).

8. Regarding claims 4-9, Cuccia in view of Eyer does not disclose that the first and second control programs comprise a packet handler, several interrupt drivers and an interrupt vector

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containing a pointer to an interrupt driver, and reallocating a buffer. Yu discloses a controlling system (Figure 1) that has interrupt vectors for pointing to stored control information (col. 4, line 67 through col. 5, line 7) and user information (Figure 2b). The control programs are chosen using a third control program (col. 5, lines 10-15) and a buffer is reallocated (Figure 3a, step MLX DR., "index into interrupt"). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have a interrupt drivers and interrupt vectors for pointing to memory locations and reallocate memory locations to a buffer in the invention of Cuccia in view of Eyer in order to appropriately invoke control information at designated times.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Harper whose telephone number is 571-272-3166. The examiner can normally be reached weekdays from 11:00 AM to 7:00 PM ET.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Seema S. Rao, can be reached at 571-272-3174. The centralized fax number for the Patent Office is 571-273-8300. For non-official communications, the examiner's personal fax number is 571-273-3166 and the examiner's e-mail address is kevin.harper@uspto.gov.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications associated with a customer number is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see portal uspto gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kevin C. Harper

January 20, 2006